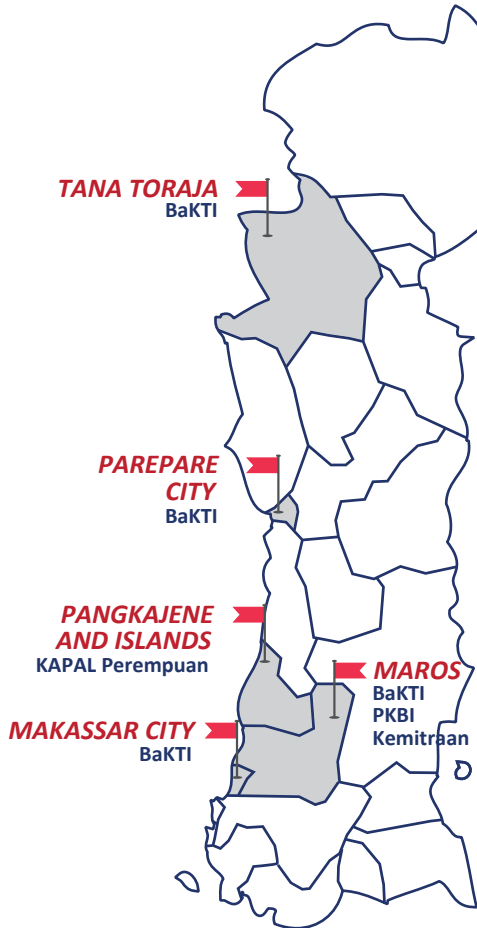


# INKLUSI in *South Sulawesi*

NO-ONE IS LEFT BEHIND



INKLUSI is working with 4 civil society organisations and their networks in South Sulawesi – Eastern Indonesia Knowledge Exchange Foundation (BaKTI), Institute for Women’s Alternative Education (KAPAL Perempuan), Partnership for Governance Reform (Kemitraan), and the Indonesian Family Planning Association (PKBI) – to progress their work to ensure all Indonesians can access services, participate in development, be protected from violence, and participate in the economy. These civil society partners are also advocating and collaborating with government agencies to ensure that the evidence, lessons and experience of marginalised groups are heard and considered when decisions or policies are made that affect them.

- 4 CSO Partners
- 5 districts/ cities
- 49 villages

## Increasing access to services in remote and marginalised areas



KAPAL Perempuan informal Women’s School (Sekolah Perempuan) meeting.

**KAPAL Perempuan** advocates for the implementation of the Law on Sexual Violence Criminal Acts (UU TPKS) passed in 2022. Advocacy to national and subnational governments seeks to encourage the drafting of regulations to ensure they meet the needs of women, people with disabilities and other marginalised groups.

In South Sulawesi KAPAL Perempuan’s local partner, YKPM works in **11 villages in Pangkajene and Islands Regency** with persistently high rates of poverty and child marriage. YKPM implements KAPAL Perempuan’s informal **Women’s School (Sekolah Perempuan)**

initiative. Sekolah Perempuan promotes women’s empowerment, and builds women’s organising, participation and leadership capacity through informal education. **Sekolah Perempuan’s** women’s groups are central to advocacy and developing local initiatives for more inclusive and equal communities.

One local initiative is the YKPM-Sekolah Perempuan community radio station called Sipurennu. Through the station, women raise awareness of the consequences of child marriage, new provisions in the sexual violence law to address violence, and provide information on how to access government services and programs.

## Sekolah Perempuan's advocacy groups



**Complaint post (*pos pengaduan*)** to advocate for legal identity social protection programs, referral for victims of violence, and prevention of child marriage.



**Gender equality, disability, and social inclusion (GEDSI) Watch Teams** to strengthen evidence-based advocacy using GEDSI data collected from monitoring activities.



**GEDSI Resource Centre** to document the experiences of women, people with disability, and other marginalised groups.



**Economic cooperatives** to facilitate the development of businesses run by women, people with disability and marginalised groups, and to secure government funding and support.

## Protecting women and children from violence

In South Sulawesi, BaKTI works through local partners YESM Tana Toraja and YLP2EM ParePare to advocate for implementation of national laws on sexual violence and disability inclusion through development of district regulations and establishment of government service units.

Through their **Participatory Recess (*Reses Partisipatif*)** initiative, BaKTI forms community-level groups to promote meaningful consultation between parliamentarians and government and their

**constituent group (*kelompok konstituen*)**. Village representatives are trained to report on cases of gender-based violence, and advocate for protection services for women and child victims of violence and child marriage. They also advocate for inclusive programs and budget policies to improve access to services and access to sources of economic empowerment. ***Kelompok konstituen* groups have been established in each of BaKTI's 30 target villages** and have successfully advocated for several inclusive policies.



**Maros Regent's Regulation on Child Protection Systems.** Developed through multi-stakeholder collaboration between BaKTI and PBKI, the Department of Women's Empowerment and Child Protection, and the Department of Social Affairs.



**Regional Technical Service Unit for the Protection of Women and Children established in Tana Toraja and Parepare.** Service units are mandated in the law on sexual violence to help prevent and handle cases of violence and coordinate with other service providers.

BaKTI constituent group member collecting data on disability prevalence in their area.



## Promoting disability-inclusive education, employment, and government planning

Maros District Government Disability Services Unit (Unit Layanan Disabilitas).

Image: BaKTI.



BaKTI is leading collective action and cooperation in South Sulawesi with the Maros District Government and the private sector to expand opportunities for disability-inclusive government planning, employment, and education.

**Village governments are implementing the National Disability Law.** The Maros District Government has supported BaKTI's village assessments to meet the criteria of **12 Inclusive Village regulations (Desa Inklusif)**. Inclusive village and district regulations enable funding to be committed for 'reasonable accommodation' for people with disability in public facilities.

**Inclusive education for children with disability.** BaKTI has launched their **Inclusive Schools (Sekolah Inklusif)** pilot in collaboration with the Maros District Government to improve access to mainstream schools for children with disability and learning needs.

**Employment of young people with disability in the private sector.** BaKTI has facilitated recruitment of 4 youth with disabilities to hospitality, retail and finance businesses in Maros. To do this, they utilised their disability data in the local area, applied their training and mentoring expertise, and worked with the INKLUSI Secretariat to broker new collaborations. A major hotel chain partner is assisting BaKTI and village-level social enterprises with marketing and sales through their hotel.

**Recognising disability rights for inclusive development.** BaKTI and the Maros District Government initiated the **Forum for Disability Inclusion (FORDISMA)**. This forum serves as a platform for people with disabilities to network, actively participate, and advocate for the rights of people with disabilities. The objective is for FORDISMA to become a government partner organisation and be actively involved in the promotion of disability inclusion-related policies.

# Empowering Indigenous Communities

Kemitraan reaches remote Indigenous and ethnic communities in South Sulawesi.



**Kemitraan** works with indigenous women, children and communities to advocate at national and local levels to encourage adoption of the draft policies concerning indigenous peoples.

Geographical isolation and marginalisation of indigenous and ethnic minorities creates barriers to accessing government services, including obtaining legal identity documentation from local governments. This has flow on effects to women and girls' access to health facilities and schools, and family-based social assistance programs. The INKLUSI Secretariat is strengthening Kemitraan's remote data collection, analysis, and data management capabilities to fill these gaps.

Women are also excluded from customary and village development decision-making processes and customary forest management due to gender-based norms, religious beliefs, and customary law (*hukum adat*) that assign women to primarily domestic roles. Kemitraan is seeking to address these challenges through their Estungkara program.

**Kemitraan's local partner, Sulawesi Community Foundation, implements Estungkara Program in 2 villages in Maros District.** Estungkara focuses on 3 key areas of inclusive governance and citizenship rights.



**Access to basic services, social protection, government programs and protection from violence**



**Participation in hukum adat (customary law) forums**



**Membership of economic groups to improve welfare and increase participation in natural resources management**

## Supporting children in the justice system

**PKBI** assists children in conflict with the law and transgender women (*waria*) to address discrimination and lack of citizenship rights, both of which contribute to poverty, social exclusion, and the inability to access public health, education and social services.

PKBI is collaborating with juvenile correctional facilities (LPKA) and service providers to strengthen access to services for children in LPKA facilities. These services include legal identity documentation, education, health services and protection from violence. **PKBI South Sulawesi works in 5 villages in Makassar City and Maros District.**

Juvenile correctional facilities (LPKA) help children in conflict with the law with capacity building to increase their skills.

Image: PKBI.



### Working with the juvenile justice system to take a child sensitive approach.

PKBI is engaging with the Directorate General of Penitentiaries to develop guidelines for correctional officers in handling, referring and preventing cases of violence against children in correctional facilities. In South Sulawesi, PKBI's local branches are advocating for these policies and guidelines in their district working areas.



### Improving access to education for children in juvenile facilities.

Children in LPKA may access only limited and ad-hoc informal schooling. PKBI is advocating through the Ministry of Education, Culture, Research and Technology for education departments to carry out needs assessments for children in LPKA. With INKLUSI Secretariat support, PKBI also seeks to broker connections with the private sector, and, to date, Jotun Paints has agreed to donate paint to renovate classrooms in LPKA in Maros.



### Children receive legal identity documentation.

PKBI has facilitated a mobile service from the population and civil registration office to issue identity cards (KTP) and child identity cards (KIA) to young offenders in LPKA. Access to legal identity will facilitate access to other essential government services and programs.



### Children's voices are heard through children's forums.

PKBI advocates to law enforcement agencies to build awareness of the benefits of establishing and supporting children's forums (*forum anak*) in LPKA. To encourage uptake by the LPKA, PKBI will continue to foster cross-departmental collaboration with the Department of Women's Empowerment and Child Protection, which oversees forum anak at the district level.

## NO-ONE IS LEFT BEHIND

*Tidak Ada Satupun yang Tertinggal*

## INKLUSI

Australia - Indonesia Partnership  
Towards an Inclusive Society

The Australia-Indonesia Partnership Towards an Inclusive Society, or INKLUSI, is working to increase the participation of marginalised groups in, and their benefit from, Indonesia's socio-cultural, economic and political development. INKLUSI works with government and civil society partners to advance their work in gender equality, the rights of persons with disabilities and social inclusion. INKLUSI supports the Government of Indonesia's agenda for inclusion, including through national development plans and the Sustainable Development Goals.

INKLUSI is an 8-year (2021-2029) Australian Government program with a budget of up to AUD 120 million. It is partnering with 11 Indonesian civil society organisations, 8 research partner institutions and their networks across 32 provinces, 129 districts and 650 villages in Indonesia.

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